

CITY OF GROVE CITY, OHIO
COUNCIL MINUTES

March 21, 1994

Regular Meeting

The regular meeting of Council was called to order by President Cheryl Grossman at 8:00 p.m. in the Council Chamber, City Hall, 4035 Broadway.

After a moment of silent prayer and the Pledge of Allegiance, roll was called and the following members were present:

Mike Milovich

Todd Hurley

Cheryl Grossman

John Schreck John Mountain

1. President Grossman announced that we would begin with a presentation from several agencies regarding the Waste to Energy Facility. She explained that each agency would give their presentation and then as many of those who had signed the Speaker's List would have three (3) minutes to make comments until 9:00 p.m., at which time the presentation would end and the regular business would commence. With that, President Grossman introduced Mr. Jeff Cahill of the Franklin County Board of Health.

Mr. Cahill began the presentation on behalf of the Franklin County Board of Health which is the primary provider of health services to Grove City and its contiguous townships. He explained that although the Waste to Energy Facility is located in Columbus, due to natural air travel, we - as the City's health department, have closely watched and monitored the emission reports as they are compiled concerning emitted dioxin levels. It is important to the department that the general public understand that dioxin is a suspected human carcinogen, according to the National Institute of Environmental Sciences. As such, dioxin level emissions do merit caution, but, may not merit a crisis situation. It is the investigation, the assessment techniques and the assessment readings that are the topics of tonight's meeting. Finally, on a personal note - given the many hats Mr. Cahill must wear - his interest in dioxin levels are professional as well as personally driven. First, as Administrator of the Board of Health, it is his job to carefully watch any issue that may affect public health. Second, as a Board Member of SWACO, it is his duty to make sure that all facilities are managed by the Authority and operate within the parameters of the Law. Finally, as a resident of Grove City and a parent - it is his ultimate responsibility to ensure that his three children have a healthy environment within which to play, learn and grow. On behalf of the Franklin County Board of Health, he assured us that as the measuring and assessment processes evolve, that the Health Departments will continue to work diligently with the testing agencies and the local elected officials to keep the community abreast of health concerns.

Mr. Robert Hodanbosi, Chief of the Division of Air Pollution for the OEPA, provided information on the inhalation testing that has been conducted. This was a very labor intensive study that needed to be completed under very short deadlines. The study was conducted under the most recent USEPA guidelines. The risk assessment evaluated the potential additional cancer occurrences in Franklin County as a result of inhalation of dioxin emitted from the Plant. The concentrations of the pollutants were input into a computer which estimated concentrations of dioxin at ground level up to 50 kilometers from the facility. This computer used actual weather data, actual plant data and the measured emission rate. The highest predicted ground level concentration was used for the risk assessment. Also used was the USEPA computer model to predict actual cancer risk for the measured population in Franklin County. He noted that risk assessments are very conservative estimates of health impacts from sources of pollutants. He provided figures and tables that showed the prevailing winds to be from the SW to the NE; the predicted concentration around the plant with the maximum concentration being almost directly north of the facility; the theoretical maximum

exposed individual as a result of dioxin emissions of the plant which assumes that the person is exposed constantly to the maximum emissions; the incremental cancer risk from the plant which indicates one (1) additional cancer in 15 years at the present rate and one (1) additional cancer in 30 years at the controlled rate; the number of people exposed to different levels of risk with the largest population being exposed to smaller risk numbers (the further away from the plant, the higher the population and the smaller the risk); the final figure compares these risk number to other risks in today's society (i.e. lightening, poisoning, fires). As a result of the study, the OEPA does not believe that an eminent danger exists as a result of dioxin emissions from this facility. Since the USEPA is continuing to evaluate the health effects of dioxin compounds, as well as other indirect pathways of exposure, they are continuing to undertake the following actions: 1. Collect additional ambient air samples during week of March 14, 1994. Plan to obtain additional samples when stack tests are not being conducted; 2. Participating in the review of the latest stack tests for these compounds and will determine if the conclusions of the risk assessment will change based on the receipt of these results; 3. Work with the USEPA in the negotiation of the early compliance agreement for the application of additional controls for this facility; 4. Will assist the USEPA in the application of any indirect risk assessment study that they would choose to conduct in the area.

Mr. Mike Long, Executive Director of the Solid Waste Authority of Central Ohio, addressed Council and explained the program to upgrade the Waste to Energy Facility, as well as review the Authorities overall mission and why the Waste to Energy Facility is important to the Agency. An integrated system has been put together for Franklin County which tries to reduce, reuse and recycle as much as possible by using the Waste to Energy Facility to reduce volumes by up to 90% and landfill the minimum amount of solid waste. Currently, lead acid batteries are being removed from the waste stream at the front door of the plant and landfill. In addition, household hazardous waste is also being removed at the front of the plant and landfill. This is important because the Authority is in this not just to run a Waste to Energy Facility and burn everything possible, but, to put together a very comprehensive, integrated plan to extend the life of the landfill for the citizens and businesses as much as possible. This plan was approved by local political subdivisions that represent 94% of the residents in Franklin County. It is important to note that the Clean Air Act was adopted by the Federal Government in 1990. By November of 1991, the USEPA was to have promulgated guidelines for facilities such as the Waste to Energy Facility. This was not completed and they were sued. In December of 1993, a consent decree was entered into by the USEPA stating that by September, 1995 the standards will be promulgated. Once that is complete, facilities have five (5) years to comply with the regulations. In November, 1992, the City of Columbus began the process by sending out "Requests for Qualifications" to engineers to help design the upgrades for the plant and in December of 1993, the Authority awarded \$4 million in engineering contracts to begin the upgrade and that design work is underway today. The agreement between SWACO and the USEPA accelerates the completion of these upgrades four (4) years in advance of the USEPA requirements. Mr. Long asked Council to consider the following questions - if dioxin is such a risk, why weren't the standards out in time; why did the USEPA have to be sued to get the standards out; why did Congress give up to five (5) years after standards are out for facilities to comply; why did Congress give USEPA until November 15, 2001 to promulgate health protective standards for categories and subcategories of the sources of dioxin; and why did research on dioxin emissions, from plants like ours conducted 50 miles away in Montgomery County, given to the Authority on January 25, 1994 and not before, when they had that research in 1990. If this was that significant, they had the basic body of research, why wasn't the Authority told of the hazards being created; finally, why is the USEPA entering into a consent decree to allow the Authority to accelerate the upgrades. Currently, the plant has no violations, dioxin are not regulated, and the Board of Directors have worked very hard to upgrade the plant as quickly as possible. He asked that Council

support the consent decree and ask the Board to accept it. There will be a public hearing on March 29, 1994 and the Board will vote on the Decree on April 5, 1994.

Mr. Robert Indian, Chief Cancer Epidemiology Prevention Control for Ohio Department of Health, provided results of the Cancer Assessment in population of close proximity of the Plant which was requested by the OEPA. This assessment used a powerful new tool called OCIS (Ohio Cancer Incident Surveillance System). This system takes into account all cases at the time of diagnosis. He noted that due to the lack of historical data of direct exposure by residents from emissions of the Plant, it prohibits them from linking any particular case of cancer to the plants operation. In addition, the plant has only been around for ten years and the types of cancer from dioxin exposure usually result in more years of exposure than the plant has been in operation. The population used was based on an air model constructed by the OEPA and included an estimated 54,000 persons. The findings resulting in no incidents in the south side study area in soft tissue cancer that have been associated with dioxin exposure. Overall the rate of cancer incidents remained the same as in the remainder of Franklin County. The rate was very similar to Franklin County, but, higher than the rate for the nation. When looking at lung cancer for the south side study population, it shows: men - 27 cases resulting in a rate of 112%; the remainder of Franklin County is 99% and the Nation is 83%. What was astonishing was the rate for women. Twenty-eight (28) cases were found for a rate of 99.4%; remaining Franklin County is 45% and the Nation is 38.2%. When you combine men and women the rates are: 99% in South Side Area; 67% for remainder of Franklin County and 58% for the Nation. So, the south side community is experiencing a higher rate of lung cancer. As a result, a much more in-depth study will be conducted on the south side population. Also, they are aware of the concern of some Grove City residents concerning the cancer burden in this community and an assessment has already been initiated to determine the cancer incident rates for this community. Those results would be available in approximately 30 days.

Mr. John Mountain asked what happened to the tons of lead that were removed from the waste stream. Mr. Long indicated that the batteries removed were sent to a recycler.

Mr. John Schreck asked if dioxin causes cancer. Mr. Koval stated that there is a suspicion, but, nothing is finalized. Mr. Schreck said his research revealed 231 cases of dioxin related cancer. Mr. Schreck asked at what level of dioxin emissions would be so high as to shut the plant down. Mr. Hodanbosi said that it would be difficult to determine, however, inhalation risks of 1 in 3 would generate enough concern to assess the possibility of shutting down the plant. Mr. Schreck asked if dioxin affect the immune system. Mr. Indian said that it can play a role in suppressing the immune response system. Mr Long gave a quote from a Draft Order of the USEPA on this subject: "studies have demonstrated that dioxin at dosages in parts-per trillion cause adverse impacts on reproduction, emniology, liver growth process in some animals". Mr. Schreck asked who did the testing on the stacks at the plant. Mr. Long stated that the site contractor is EMC Incorporated and with them is Midwest Research Institute. The operation was overseen by the USEPA and OEPA. Mr. Schreck asked where the test results would be sent. Mr. Long indicated that the results would be sent to the Authority, since they are the client, in 21 to 30 days. After they are received, the Authority is required to submit the results to USEPA within 30 days. Mr. Schreck asked if there was anyone who verified that the trash being burned during the testing was every day trash and not a special mix. Mr. Long said that the USEPA came in advance of the testing and reviewed plant records, looked at trash deliveries, interviewed truck drivers, went to the shredder stations, interviewed employees there, watched the trash being shredded, followed it into the plant and inspected it to get that kind of assurance. Mr. Schreck asked if dioxin can enter into the food chain or are we looking at all inhalation. Mr. Koval stated that there is a potential for dioxin to enter into

the food chain. A study was conducted to see what the level of dioxin bio-accumulation, bio-retention and bio-elimination is in relation to dioxin, however, the study was done under very strict time constraints. Mr. Schreck asked if health complaints from workers, nearby residents or the jail have been received. Mr. Long stated that the plant has a full-time safety staff and they contract with the Columbus Health Department. Physical exams of the plant workers were conducted at the time of takeover and no medical problems were found. As far as nearby residents or the jail, he has not received any complaints.

Mr. Hurley asked Mr. Indian if OCIS only tracks lung cancer or if it is capable of breaking down all cancers. Mr. Indian stated that it gathers information on all types of cancer, but, since lung cancer was the most prevalent in the test, it was used in the example.

President Grossman asked at what percentage of time is Grove City in the wind trail from the plant. Mr. Hodanbosi indicated approximately 12% of the time. President Grossman asked what some of the main sources of dioxin were. Mr. Hodanbosi stated that Municipal Waste Combusters, Infectious Waste Incinerators, the burning of wood, and traffic are some of the main sources, but, they are finding new ones all the time. Mr. Long indicated that when the plant is completely upgraded, it will actually take dioxin out of the environment and bring it into the plant. Mr. Hurley then asked Mr. Long what the targeted level of emission will be. Mr. Long stated that they will be at 30 nanograms. Mr. Schreck asked about emissions from the trucks. He wanted to know if it was true that the tests were done in a tunnel rather than an open air study. Mr. Hodanbosi said that some of the studies were done in tunnels to ensure that the emissions were, in fact, coming from the diesel trucks and not another source.

Mr. Schreck wanted to know why we were acting so quickly to add pollution control devices if dioxin is not a problem. Mr. Long answered that it is going to have to be done under the Clean Air Act and by accelerating the schedule it will be less costly and bring them into compliance ahead of time.

At this time, President Grossman recognized those who had signed the speakers list.

1. Ms. Cheryl Patzer - indicated that she wanted to supply additional facts after conversations with Mr. Cahill, Mr. Mental and others from SWACO concerning dioxin and its risk to humans. She said that a comment was made that there is no documentation that there is a human risk. She showed approximately 30 articles mostly published in Lansit and New England Journal of Medicine that relate to numerous types of cancer in people who either work in or live around such plants. She feels it is a risk. She left her articles if Council is interested in reading them.
2. Mr. Stan Loscko - read comments from Dr. Connett which points out 1. the Columbus trash burning power plant is putting out 984 grams of dioxin annually, 2. the USEPA estimated that the combined output of all trash incinerators was between 60 and 200 grams of dioxin. The Columbus plant is putting out five (5) times the amount of all the plants in the USEPA inventory, 3. the accident in Italy released between 250 - 2000 grams of dioxin. It got world wide attention and continues to. The Columbus plant releases the equivalent amount of dioxin as this accident every two (2) years, 4. the OEPA risk assessment is totally inadequate to address dioxin exposure to risk because they only consider the inhalation pathway even though people grow food in their backyard and much farming is in the area, 6. it seems clear that the USEPA is distancing themselves from the OEPA. On March 12,

on men. Dioxin is an agent orange and we learned of that in the 60's. There has been plenty of time for studies on carcinogenic and toxic affects of dioxin. If the EPA had been doing its job, something would have been done long ago. There are many other things coming out of this plant too: cadmium, arsenic, beryllium, mercury, lead, etc. There is no safe dose of dioxin and to compare our risk of dioxin to other dangers is absurd and political. We know what our dangers are when we take a care out on the road. We don't know what our dangers are with this and it is an unacceptable risk. She feels that no more money should be put into this "Dinosaur"; it should be shut down immediately.

President Grossman thanked the agencies, the speakers and the residents of Grove City who care about what is going on. At this time, President Grossman continued with the regular business of Council.

2. Mr. Mountain moved to dispense with the reading of the minutes and approve as written; seconded by Mr. Hurley.

Mr. Milovich	Yes
Mr. Hurley	Yes
Ms. Grossman	Yes
Mr. Schreck	Yes
Mr. Mountain	Yes

The Chair recognized Mr. Hurley, Chairman of Lands & Zoning, for discussion and voting of legislative agenda items under said committee.

1. Ordinance C-15-94 (Approve Special Use Permit for SuperAmerica located on Broadway) was given its second reading and public hearing.

Speaking to this ordinance was Mr. Don Human of SuperAmerica. Mr. Human noted that the development plan meets all stipulations set forth by Planning Commission and noted that the remaining land in the rear will not be developed until access can be reached from somewhere other than through the store.

President Grossman asked what the percentage of stores were that sell alcohol? Mr. Human stated that they had 143 in the State of Ohio. President Grossman asked what the percentage was for all their stores? Mr. Human stated that he was unsure, but, would estimate approximately 70 to 75%. President Grossman stated that she shared the Mayor's concerns and felt that no alcohol should be sold at this store. Mr. Human stated that they would apply for a liquor permit for this location, but, SuperAmerica views this privilege as a very serious one. They have implemented several procedures in their training of employees regarding this subject. Every employee is required to attend a one-day seminar, take a test and receive 100%. If a score of 100 is not achieved, the test may be taken again. If after the second time a score of 100% is not achieved, the individual is not hired or not placed at the register. In addition, each cashier is required to check I.D's for anyone who looks 25 years of age or younger. SuperAmerica conducts a surprise "sting operation" every quarter. If an cashier is observed, through this "sting" or by the manager, not checking I.D's as required, a written warning is given - on a second incident, the employee is suspended without pay for three days - on a third, the employee is terminated. Also, if any employee is found in violation of the law by police, that employee is terminated and made to pay for any violations placed on the company. Mr. Human stated that there are good and bad convenience stores of this nature and asked that they be judged once they have operated in our community.

Mr. Schreck asked if they provided a class or pamphlets to the employees on tobacco sales? Mr. Human stated that they did that as part of their training course.

There being no additional questions or comments, Mr. Hurley moved it be approved; seconded by President Grossman.

Mr. Hurley	Yes
Ms. Grossman	Yes
Mr. Schreck	Yes
Mr. Mountain	Yes
Mr. Milovich	Yes

2. Ordinance C-16-94 (Accept the annexation of 82.51 acres located west of Westgrove and east of Holt Road) was given its first reading. Second reading and public hearing will be held on April 4, 1994.

At this time, Mr. Hurley announced that he would be holding a Committee Meeting on March 28, 1994 at 6:30 pm for discussion of this item.

3. Resolution CR-15-94 (Appeal the variance granted by the Board of Zoning Appeals for M. Di-Noto located at 3283 Hoover Road) was given its reading and public hearing.

Speaking to this resolution was Mr. Craig Sturtz, attorney representing Ms. Di-Noto. He stated that Ms. Di-Noto is asking that her one-car garage be converted into living space. He indicated that the Grove City Zoning Code speaks of hardship and due to the growth of the law firm Ms. Di-Noto works for, it requires her to do work at home. At the time this home was acquired, the need for work space was not foreseen and has now created a hardship. Mr. Sturtz noted that the surrounding residents are not opposed to this conversion and, in fact, some have submitted written support to the Board of Zoning Appeals. He said that as far as setting a precedence, there is a home three doors down that has a converted garage. On the issue of parking, the home currently has a four car driveway and parking is available on a side street close to the house. As far as the "spirit of the code", Mr. Sturtz stated that they were not trying to use the space for multi-family or commercial, just additional living space for the family.

Mr. Boso, Administrative Assistant, asked how large the house was (how many rooms). Mr. Sturtz replied that he believed there was a kitchen, living/dining room, and two bedrooms. Mr. Hurley asked for the square footage. Mr. Sturtz did not know. President Grossman asked where lawn items and such would be kept. Ms. Di-Noto indicated that those items would be kept in the basement.

Mr. Hurley stated that in reviewing the conditions that must be met before granting a variance, he feels that the "spirit of the code" is being violated since current standards require a two car attached garage. He feels that a special privilege would be given if this garage was converted since anyone wishing to build in the area today would be required to have a two-car attached garage. Mr. Sturtz pointed out that a garage three doors down has been converted and if a person built in the neighborhood today, the square footage of the home would be larger which would take into consideration more living/work space.

Mr. Mountain asked if there was space for an addition to the home. Mr. Sturtz indicated that there was a small amount of space in the rear, but, it was cost prohibitive at this time. Mr. Boso asked if the basement was finished. Mr. Sturtz said no.

There being no additional questions or comments, Mr. Hurley moved it be approved; seconded by President Grossman.

Ms. Grossman	Yes
Mr. Schreck	No
Mr. Mountain	No
Mr. Milovich	No
Mr. Hurley	Yes

4. Resolution CR-16-94 (Services that can be provided to a 1.4 acre tract located on the southeast corner of Ziner Avenue and Hoover Road upon annexation) was given its reading and public hearing and Mr. Hurley moved it be approved; seconded by President Grossman.

Mr. Schreck	Yes
Mr. Mountain	Yes
Mr. Milovich	Yes
Mr. Hurley	Yes
Ms. Grossman	Yes

The Chair recognized Mr. Mountain, Chairman of Service, for discussion and voting of legislative agenda items under said committee.

1. Resolution CR-17-94 (Approve the establishment of a Generation Fee for wastes in Franklin County, SWACO) was given its reading and public hearing.

Mr. Boso explained that under the Ohio Revised Code, Council has 31 days to approve or disapprove the proposal set by SWACO. It is the opinion of the Administration that support should not be given. Although Administration agrees with the principal of a Generation Fee, they do not agree on the conversion of cubic yards to tons and feel that the \$49.00 fee is too high. Since there is no provision to impose stipulations to the proposal, the only course of action that can be recommended is to disapprove it. Mr. Boso noted that SWACO is currently in the process of reviewing this proposal and making amendments, however, Council cannot act upon those at this time.

There being no additional questions or comments, Mr. Mountain moved it be approved; seconded by Mr. Milovich.

Mr. Mountain	No
Mr. Milovich	No
Mr. Hurley	No
Ms. Grossman	No
Mr. Schreck	No

The Chair recognized Mr. Milovich, Chairman of Finance, for discussion and voting of legislative agenda items under said committee.

1. Ordinance C-17-94 (Establish the County Contribution Fund and appropriate \$183,518.00 for current expenses) was given its first reading and since it appropriates for current expenses, Mr. Milovich moved it be approved; seconded by President Grossman.

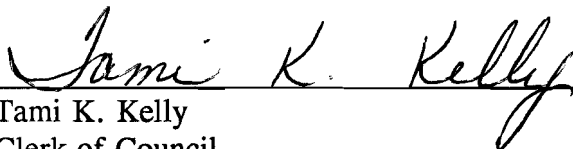
Mr. Milovich	Yes
Mr. Hurley	Yes
Ms. Grossman	Yes
Mr. Schreck	Yes
Mr. Mountain	Yes

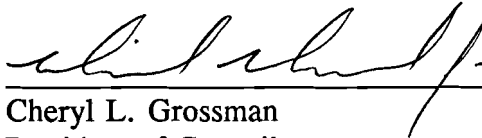
President Grossman asked that any New Business to be brought before Council, be done so at this time.

There being no new business, President Grossman recognized members of Administration and Council for closing comments.

1. Mayor Stage commented that Council was brave to have authorities make a presentation on the Waste to Energy facility and he applauded them.
2. Mr. Boso announced that we have received a grant for \$670,000.00 from the Ohio Public Works Commission for the reconstruction of Kingston Avenue. In addition, \$270,000.00 will be received for the utility work on Kingston. This will commence in 1995, after Columbus Street is completed.
3. Mr. Schreck recognized the fact that due to the large crowd tonight, the Oath of Office was given to Joseph Clifford for Magistrate in the lobby this evening. Also, he stated that some of the questions asked regarding the Waste to Energy Facility were brought up in order to get a true answer. He indicated that it is very special to him to take care of the people in Grove City and although he doesn't know if the Facility is a risk, he does feel that dioxin is.
4. Mr. Milovich stated that he felt the questions regarding the Waste to Energy Facility do not just affect it, but, the landfill as well. He said that he continues to hear that recycling is the key and he is glad Grove City has a recycling program. He hopes that we continue to expand on our program.
5. After additional comments from Administration, the Chamber and Council, a motion was made to adjourn and seconded. Motion carried.

Council adjourned at 9:46 p.m.

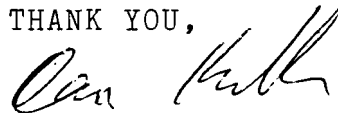

Tami K. Kelly
Clerk of Council

 Temp. Chair.
Cheryl L. Grossman
President of Council

MADAME PRESIDENT, MR. MILOVICH, MR. HURLEY, MR. MOUNTAIN AND MR. SCHRECK,

ON BEHALF OF THE CITIZENS OF GROVE CITY AND OUR NEIGHBORS IN COLUMBUS, I NOW PETITION YOU TO OFFICIALLY ASK THE SOLID WASTE AUTHORITY AND THE CITY OF COLUMBUS TO SHUT DOWN THE WASTE TO ENERGY INCINERATOR ON JACKSON PIKE. WHETHER YOU AGREE OR DO NOT AGREE ON THE DANGERS OF DIOXIN, WE CAN ALL AGREE ON THIS: IT IS A MAJOR MANUFACTURER OF DIOXIN. I PERSONALLY FEEL THE ONLY SAFE LEVEL IS NO LEVEL. COMMON SENSE TELLS US IT IS BETTER TO BE SAFE THAN SORRY. IT IS MY UNDERSTANDING THAT THIS FACILITY GENERATES ONLY APPROXIMATELY TWO PERCENT OF THE ELECTRICAL POWER USED IN COLUMBUS. IT IS TIME FOR COLUMBUS TO INITIATE A RECYCLING PROGRAM NOT UNLIKE THAT OF SEATTLE, WASHINGTON. THE QUESTION SHOULD NOT BE; "WHAT DO WE DO WITH THE TRASH ?" RATHER, "HOW DO WE UNMAKE THE TRASH ?" I AM ASKING YOU TO DO AS THE DISNEY CORPORATION OF ORLANDO, FLORIDA ALONG WITH THE GOVERNMENT HAS DONE WITH THEIR FACILITY: COMPLETELY SHUT IT DOWN. AGAIN, I ASK YOU TO SEARCH YOUR HEARTS AND PONDER THE MOTIVATION OF THE PEOPLE OF PARTA. DID THEY DECIDE TO ARBITRARILY HARASS THE SOLID WASTE AUTHORITY AND THE CITY OF COLUMBUS FOR NO REASON ? THE TRUTH WILL REVEAL THEY DISCOVERED THEIR SIGNIFICANT HEALTH PROBLEMS WERE RELATED TO THE WTE INCINERATOR AND IN PARTICULAR: DIOXIN. I UNDERSTAND THE SOLID WASTE AUTHORITY AND THE CITY OF COLUMBUS WISH TO PRESERVE THEIR INVESTMENT AND JOBS, BUT TO DO SO AT THE EXPENSE OF THE HEALTH AND SAFETY OF THE CITIZENS THEY SERVE IS REPREHENSIBLE. I AM CONFIDENT THE DIOXIN STUDY CONDUCTED BY THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT DUE OUT IN THE SPRING OF 1994 WILL SHOW THE ULTIMATE DANGER OF THIS, ONE OF THE MOST TOXIC SUBSTANCES KNOWN TO MAN. LET US SHOW OUR FORESIGHT, CARE AND CONCERN IN BEING THE FIRST GOVERNMENTAL BODY TO ASK THAT THIS FACILITY BE SHUT DOWN COMPLETELY. PERHAPS WITH MODIFICATIONS THE SWA CAN TURN THIS FACILITY INTO A GIANT WASTE SORTING COMPLEX TO RECOUP SOME OF THE LOST INVESTMENT. I SAY THIS ONLY AS A POSSIBLE SOLUTION TO THE PROBLEM. AT THIS TIME WE CAN ONLY BE, AND WE MUST BE CONCERNED ABOUT OUR CHILDREN AND THE NEXT GENERATION TO FOLLOW. COUNCIL MEMBERS, I AM ASKING YOU TO BE BRAVE, TO DO THE RIGHT THING: SHUT IT DOWN !!!

THANK YOU,



DAN KELLER
5669 SPRINGHILL RD.
GROVE CITY, OHIO 43123

Addressed to Council 3/21/94